Klonopin (clonazepam)



What is it usually prescribed for?

Panic disorder, seizure disorders, and other conditions.

How does it work?

Klonopin helps control feelings of fear or worry and seizure. Klonopin is thought to boost the brain chemical GABA.



What should I expect?

It may take a few days for you to feel the full benefits of taking this medicine. Feelings of fear or worry may improve within hours or over a period of days. Klonopin is usually used for short periods of time only.

Your healthcare professional will use the lowest dose that works for you. Tell your healthcare professional how it's working for you and if you have any side effects so the dose can be changed if needed.

Take Klonopin exactly as prescribed to get the full benefit of this medicine.





Will I have side effects?

You may or may not have side effects when taking Klonopin. Most side effects improve as you continue to take this medicine.

Klonopin can produce emotional and/or physical dependence (addiction) even when used as prescribed. Physical dependence may develop after two or more weeks of daily use.

What are common side effects and what can I do to feel better?

	Drink plenty of water	Drink less alcohol	Healthcare professional suggestion
Feeling dizzy	х	х	
Feeling drowsy	х	х	
Dry mouth	х	х	
Feeling unsteady		х	



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YOU'RE NOT ALONE!

In 2019, Klonopin was prescribed nearly 15.6 million times in the United States.



What should I avoid?

Don't start any new medicines, over-the-counter drugs, or herbal remedies without talking to your healthcare professional first. There are many interactions with medicines that may increase your chance of side effects.

Do not suddenly stop taking Klonopin unless your healthcare professional has told you to because it can cause nausea, headache, irritability, and other negative feelings.

Use less alcohol and recreational drugs. They may decrease the benefits of Klonopin and increase the chance of side effects. Alcohol increases the chance of accidental overdose. Drugs like heroin and other opioids lead to slowed or difficulty breathing and death.

WHAT IS MOST IMPORTANT TO REMEMBER

This medicine can produce emotional
and/or physical dependence (addiction)





Do not suddenly stop taking this medicine unless told to do so by your healthcare professional



Don't start any new medicines, overthe-counter drugs, or herbal remedies without talking to your healthcare professional



Get medical care right away if you have serious side effects



When should I call a healthcare professional right away or visit the emergency room?

If you have any **serious** side effects. Here are some examples of serious side effects:

- Thoughts of suicide or hurting yourself
- New or worsening seizures
- Feeling very drowsy
- Unusual changes in mood or behavior
- Confusion, aggression, hallucinations (seeing or hearing things that are not there)
- Weak or shallow breathing
- Pounding heartbeats or fluttering in your chest

If you think there has been an overdose, call your poison control center (800-222-1222) or get medical care right away.

Where can I get more help?

National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) - nami.org

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline – Call 1-800-273-TALK (8255)

Crisis Text Line - Text "HELLO" to 741741



Notes and questions for my next appointment

